

# Memory Based Paper

## SBI PO Prelims 2020 (English)

Paper-9

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Vishal Parihar sir

**Directions (1-10): Read the following passage and answer the following questions based on the given passage. Some of the words are highlighted which would help you to answer some of the questions given below.**

Indian postal systems for efficient military and governmental communications had developed long before the arrival of Europeans. When the Portuguese, Dutch, French, Danish and British displaced The Marathas who had already defeated the Mughals, their postal systems existed alongside those of many, somewhat independent states. The British East India Company gradually displaced other powers and brought into existence a British administrative system over most of India, with a need to establish and maintain both official and commercial mail systems. The Indian postal system developed into an extensive, dependable and robust network providing connectivity to almost all parts of India, Burma, the Straits Settlements and

other areas controlled by the British East India Company (EIC). Based on the model postal system introduced in England by the reformer, Rowland Hill, efficient postal services were provided at a low cost and enabled the smooth commercial, military and administrative functioning of the EIC and its successor, the British Raj.

In ancient times the kings (or Raja), emperors (or Maharaja), rulers, zamindars (or the feudal lords) protected their land through the intelligence services of specially trained police or military agencies and courier services to convey and obtain information through runners, messengers and even through pigeons in most parts of India. The chief of the secret service, known as the Daakpaal (postmaster), maintained the lines of communication ... The people used to send letters to [their] distant relatives through their friends or neighbors.

The postal history of India primarily began with the overland routes, stretching from Persia to India. What began as mere foot-tracks that more than often included **fords** across the mountainous streams, gradually evolved over the centuries as highways, used by traders and military envoys on foot and horses, for carriage of **missives**. The Arab influence of the Caliphate came about with the conquest of Sind by Muhammad bin Qasim in 712 A.D. (C.E.). Thereupon, the Diwan-i-Barid (or Department of Posts) established official communication across the far-flung empire. The swiftness of the horse messengers finds mention in many of the texts of that period.

The first Sultan of Delhi, after the Mughals colonised India, Qutb-ud-din Aybak was Sultan for only four years, 1206–1210, but he

founded the Mamluk Dynasty and created a messenger post system. This was expanded into the dak chowkis, a horse and foot runner service, by Alauddin Khalji in 1296. Sher Shah Suri (1541–1545) replaced runners with horses for conveyance of messages along the northern Indian high road, today known as the Grand Trunk Road, which he constructed between Bengal and Sindh over an ancient trade route at the base of the Himalayas, the Uttarapatha. He also built 1700 'serais' where two horses were always kept for the despatch of the Royal Mail. Akbar introduced camels in addition to the horses and runners.

The first stamps valid for postage throughout India were placed on sale in October 1854 with four values: 1/2 anna, 1 anna, 2 annas, and 4 annas. Featuring a youthful profile of Queen Victoria. 15 years, all four values were designed and printed in Calcutta, and issued without perforations or gum. All were lithographed except for the 2 annas green, which was produced by typography from copper clichés or from electrotyped plates. The 4 annas value (illustrated) was one of the world's first bicolored stamps, preceded only by the Basel Dove, a beautiful local issue.

These stamps were issued following a Commission of Inquiry which had carefully studied the postal systems of Europe and America. In the opinion of Geoffrey Clarke, the reformed system was to be maintained "for the benefit of the people of India and not for the purpose of swelling the revenue. The Commissioners voted to abolish the earlier practice of conveying official letters free of postage ("franking"). The new system was recommended by the Governor-General, Lord Dalhousie, and adopted by the East India Company's Court of Directors. It introduced

"low and uniform" rates for sending mail efficiently throughout the country within the jurisdiction of the East India Company. The basic rate was 1/2 anna on letters not more than 1/4 tola in weight. The stamps were needed to show the postage was prepaid, a basic principle of the new system, like the fundamental changes of the British system advocated by Rowland Hill and the Scinde reforms of Bartle Frere. These reforms transformed mail services within India.

Q1. What caused the need of a developed Indian postal system?

- (a) Formation of the independent states
- (b) Stretching overland routes from Persia to India
- (c) A gradual expansion of The British East India Company over other powers.
- (d) Both (a) and (c)
- (e) None of the above

S1. Ans. (c)

Sol. The answer to the question can be derived from the very first paragraph of the passage. As mentioned in the 3rd line off the first paragraph "The British East India Company gradually displaced other powers and brought into existence a British administrative system over most of India, with a need to establish and maintain both official and commercial mail systems." Hence option (c) is the correct answer choice for the given question.

Q2. The postal system in the British Raj was based upon which model?

- (a) The model introduced by the Marathas before the advent of Europeans
- (b) The model introduced by the reformer Rowland Hill in England

(c)The model introduced by British East India Company (EIC)

(d)Both (b) and (c)

(e) None of the above

S2. Ans. (b)

Sol. The answer to the question can be derived from the last lines of the first paragraph of the passage. As mentioned in the paragraph, the efficient postal services Based on the model postal system introduced in England by the reformer, Rowland Hill, provided services to the EIC and its successor, the British Raj. The postal services that were prevailing in the time of British Raj were the same carried forward from the EIC which was derived from the model provided by the British reformer Rowland Hill

Hence option (b) is the correct answer choice for the given question. Please don't get confused with the option (c) as the model was not introduced by the EIC, they just introduced the postal services based on the model given by Rowland Hill.

Q3. In ancient times who was supposed to maintain the lines of communication?

(a)The emperors

(b)The zamindars (or the feudal lords)

(c)The Daakpal (postmaster)

(d)Both (b) and (c)

(e) None of the above

S3. Ans. (c)

Sol. The answer to the question can be derived from the last lines of the second paragraph of the passage. As mentioned in the last lines off the paragraph "The chief of the secret service, known as the Daakpaal (postmaster), maintained the lines of communication ... The people used to send letters to [their] distant relatives through their friends or neighbors." Hence option (c) is

the correct answer choice for the given question.

Q4. Which of the following statements is definitely false according to the passage?

(a) Indian postal systems for efficient military and governmental communications had developed long before the arrival of Europeans.

(b)The people used to send letters to distant relatives through pigeons in most parts of India.

(c)Sher Shah Suri replaced runners with horses for conveyance of messages.

(d)The first stamps valid for postage throughout India were placed on sale in October 1854.

(e) None of the above

S4. Ans. (b)

Sol. Refer to the last lines of the second paragraph of the passage, it clearly mentions that "The chief of the secret service, known as the Daakpaal (postmaster), maintained the lines of communication ... The people used to send letters to [their] distant relatives through their friends or neighbors." Thus the option which is definitely false is option (b).

Hence option (b) is the correct answer choice for the given question.

Q5. Out of the followings who created the messenger post system?

(a) Qutb-ud-din Aybak

(b) Muhammad bin Qasim

(c) Alauddin Khalji

(d)East India Company (EIC)

(e) None of the above

S5. Ans. (a)

Sol. The answer to the question can be derived from the very first lines of the 4th paragraph of the passage. As mentioned in the

last lines off the paragraph “The first Sultan of Delhi, after the Mughals colonised India, Qutb-din Aybak was Sultan for only four years, 1206–1210, but he founded the Mamluk Dynasty and created a messenger post system.” Hence option (a) is the correct answer choice for the given question.

Q6. How the ‘2 annas’ stamps, valid for postage throughout India were made?

- (a) lithographed
- (b) typography from copper clichés
- (c) From die casting method
- (d) From punching process
- (e) None of the above

S6. Ans. (b)

Sol. The answer to the question can be derived from the lines of the 5th paragraph of the passage. As mentioned in the lines off the paragraph “All were lithographed except for the 2 annas green, which was produced by typography from copper clichés or from electrotyped plates.” Given option (c) and (d) are the manufacturing process so they can be considered as out of context. Hence option (b) is the correct answer choice for the given question.

Q7. The first stamps valid for postage throughout India were inspired from the postal system of which countries?

- (a) Europe and America
- (b) Europe and Australia
- (c) America and China
- (d) China and Europe
- (e) None of the above

S7. Ans. (a)

Sol. The answer to the question can be derived from the very first lines of the 6th paragraph of the passage. As mentioned in the lines off the paragraph “These stamps were

issued following a Commission of Inquiry which had carefully studied the postal systems of Europe and America.” In given options (b), (c) and (d), China and Australia are nowhere mentioned in the passage so they can be considered as out of context. Hence, option (a) is the correct answer choice for the given question.

Q8. Who recommended the new system of “low and uniform” rates for sending mail efficiently throughout the country?

- (a) Rowland Hill
- (b) Scinde reforms of Bartle Frere
- (c) EIC (East India Company)
- (d) The Governor-General, Lord Dalhousie
- (e) None of the above

S8. Ans. (d)

Sol. The answer to the question can be derived from the lines of the last paragraph of the passage. As mentioned in the lines off the paragraph “The new system was recommended by the Governor-General, Lord Dalhousie, and adopted by the East India Company's Court of Directors. It introduced “low and uniform” rates for sending mail efficiently throughout the country within the jurisdiction of the East India Company.” Hence, option (d) is the correct answer choice for the given question.

Q9. Which of the following options best explain the meaning of ‘FORDS’ as used in the passage?

- (a) A shallow place in a river or stream allowing one to walk or drive across
- (b) A narrow passage of water connecting two seas or two other large areas of water
- (c) A narrow passage of water connecting two seas or two other large areas of water

(d) A broad inlet of the sea where the land curves inwards

(e) None of the above

S9. Ans. (a)

Sol. Bay- a broad inlet of the sea where the land curves inwards

Lagoon- a stretch of salt water separated from the sea by a low sandbank or coral reef

Strait- a narrow passage of water connecting two seas or two other large areas of water

Ford- a shallow place in a river or stream allowing one to walk or drive across

Hence option (a) is the correct answer.

Q10. Which of the following options best explain the meaning of 'missives' as used in the passage?

(a) Address

(b) Invitations

(c) Letters

(d) Notebooks

(e) None of the above

S10. Ans. (c)

Sol. Missives- a letter, especially a long or official one.

Hence option (c) is the correct answer.

**Direction (11-15): In question given below there are two statements, each statement consists of two blanks. You have to choose the option which provides the correct set of words that fits both the blanks in both the statements appropriately and in the same order making them meaningful and grammatically correct.**

Q11.

(1) In many situations, remaining silent is \_\_\_\_\_ to admitting guilt, so speak to prove your \_\_\_\_\_.

(2) This is \_\_\_\_\_ to an assumption that Raghu is doing all this to let everyone aware about his \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) Tantamount, innocence

(b) Redundant, Duress

(c) Reckoning, bondage

(d) Reign, autonomy

(e) Dominion, volition

S11. Ans. (a)

Sol. Tantamount- equivalent in seriousness to; virtually the same as

Reckoning- the action or process of calculating or estimating something

Reign- hold royal office; rule as monarch

Hence, the option (a) is the correct answer.

Q12.

(1) After her third pet dog died, Maria was simply \_\_\_\_\_: this time even the possibility of buying a new dog no longer held any \_\_\_\_\_.

(2) Early morning, \_\_\_\_\_ figures at bus stops might take away your \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) Tenant, indecency

(b) Swagger, Abate

(c) Forlorn, joy

(d) Ecstasy, Haste

(e) Diluted, Vibrant

S12. Ans. (c)

Sol. indecency- indecent behavior

Abate- Something unpleasant or severe) become less intense or widespread

Forlorn- pitifully sad and abandoned or lonely

Ecstasy- an overwhelming feeling of great happiness or joyful excitement

Hence, the option (c) is the correct answer.

Q13.

(1) Shakespeare is an \_\_\_\_\_ author in the English language, but I find his writing uninteresting and \_\_\_\_\_.

(2) Despite of being an \_\_\_\_\_ psychologist he used to show his \_\_\_\_\_ behavior during the treatment with his patients.

- (a) Eclectic, ambiguous
- (b) Eulogy, Agitating
- (c) Intrigue, Fervor
- (d) Eminent, melodramatic
- (e) Eccentric, Vicious

S13. Ans. (d)

Sol. Eclectic- deriving ideas, style, or taste from a broad and diverse range of sources

Eulogy- a speech or piece of writing that praises someone or something highly, especially a tribute to someone who has just died.

Intrigue-arouse the curiosity or interest of; fascinate

Eminent- (of a person) famous and respected within a particular sphere

Melodramatic- characteristic of melodrama, especially in being exaggerated or overemotional

Vicious- deliberately cruel or violent

Hence, the option (d) is the correct answer.

Q14.

(1) The rise of the computer was an \_\_\_\_\_ shift in technology and \_\_\_\_\_.

(2) The dispute among different religions was \_\_\_\_\_ because of the increasing differences in \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) Intolerable, invention
- (b) Introvert, Fashion
- (c) Insurmountable, strategy
- (d) Inseparable, vulture

(e) Inexorable, culture

S14. Ans. (e)

Sol. Inexorable- impossible to stop or prevent  
Vulture- a large bird of prey with the head and neck more or less bare of feathers

Insurmountable- too great to be overcome

Fashion and Invention has nothing to do with the difference in religions or rise of the computer

Hence, the option (e) is the correct answer.

Q15.

(1) Count Rumford \_\_\_\_\_ the new theory of heat, demonstrating that it was wholly \_\_\_\_\_ to explain the observations.

(2) He was \_\_\_\_\_ by the opposition though, the latter had \_\_\_\_\_ knowledge in the field.

- (a) Denigrated, inadequate
- (b) Daunted, improper
- (c) Dappled, insufficient
- (d) Daubed, outwit
- (e) Danube, unable

S15. Ans. (a)

Sol. Denigrated- criticize unfairly; disparage.

Inadequate- lacking the quality or quantity required; insufficient for a purpose

Daunted- make (someone) feel intimidated or apprehensive

Dappled- marked with spots or rounded patches

Daubed- carelessly coat or smear (a surface) with a thick or sticky substance

Hence, the option (a) is the correct answer.

**Direction (16-20): In the question given below, a sentence is divided into five parts, out of which certain parts are highlighted which may or may not be grammatically correct. Choose the grammatically correct part out of the highlighted parts of the**

sentence as your answer. If all the highlighted parts are grammatically correct but the parts which are not highlighted contain some grammatical errors, choose the option (d) stating, “None of these” as your choice. If all the given parts of the sentence are grammatically correct and provide the contextual meaning to the sentence, choose option (e) i.e. “No error” as your answer.

Q16. Revival of businesses after lockdown is lifted(A)/ is not going to easy. GoI needs to look at various aspects(B)/ of the goods and services tax (GST) law(C)/ to provide succour. A rate reduction is desirable, but may not enough. (D)

- (a)A
- (b)C
- (c)D
- (d) None of these
- (e)No error

S16. Ans. (a)

Only the part (A) of the highlighted parts is grammatically correct.

D has error i.e. “be” should be used before “enough” so does in “B”, i.e. “be” should be used before “easy”.

Q17. The success of GST depends on the free flow of input tax credits. (A)/ Artificial barriers to refuse that input credits need to be removed. Many sectors like real estate (B)/and telecom suffer because of artificial rules denying them(C)/ input tax credits. If these barriers are removed, the cost of doing business will come down. (D)

- (a)B
- (b)C
- (c)D
- (d)None of these
- (e)No error

S17. Ans. (d)

In A, “refuse” should be replaced with “deny”, as here nothing is being offered which need to be refused, here the statement needs to be contradicted thus, “deny” is the correct word.

Q18. Another working week is beginning, and while the pandemic has left(A)/ many without jobs, others are struggling to do two at once. (B)/ The closure of schools to all and a few pupils (C)/has forced parents and other carers to combine their regular jobs with education their children. (D)

- (a) D
- (b) C
- (c) B
- (d) None of these
- (e) No error

S18. Ans. (c)

Option C is correct as there is no error in B, in part C, “and” should be replaced with “but” as a preposition is required here and not conjunction and on top of that a contradiction is required in sentence, thus “but” should be preferred.

In part D, “education” should be replaced with “educating”.

Q19. Parents of primary-age pupils may envy to those with teenagers, (A)/ who require few supervision, (B)/while those struggling with GCSE curriculums(C)/ may wish that building a volcano model still counted as a good morning’s learning. (D)

- (a)B
- (b)C
- (c)D
- (d) None of these
- (e)No error

S19. Ans. (c)

There is no error in part D, in A, “to” should be taken off as “envy” is a transitive verb and it takes

direct object after it. In part B, “few” should be replaced with “less”.

**20. We Americans are not a patience people; We get bored with long reads.** (A) We're making movies in 10-minute increments. Our president communicates in tweets. We want things fast, now, and over. (B)**So last week, as the weather turned sunny and the calendar turned to May and reports began to spread of other states opening up,** (C)**you could almost felt the collective zeitgeist: “That’s enough already. We’re done with this.** (D)

- (a)B
- (b)C**
- (c)D
- (d) None of these
- (e)No error

S20 Ans. (b)

Option B is correct because there is no error in C. In A, “patience” should be replaced with “patient”, and In part D, “Felt should be replaced with “feel”.

**Directions (21-25): In the question given below few sentences are given which are grammatically correct and meaningful. Connect them by the word given above the statements in the best possible way without changing the intended meaning. Choose the best possible combination as your answer accordingly from the options to form a correct, coherent sentence.**

Q21. Conclusively

I. Over 200 people were killed and nearly 500 injured in a series of blasts that shook Sri Lanka on Easter Sunday

II. No group has claimed responsibility for the blasts. Investigating authorities are yet to disclose the names of the suspects or the alleged perpetrators.

III. Authorities did not block access to social media including Facebook, Whatsapp and Viber to “prevent” misinformation. A curfew was declared till Monday morning.

- A. Only I and III
- B. Only II and III
- C. All I, II and III
- D. Only I and II**
- E. None of these

S21 Ans. (d)

Sol. Conclusively means without any doubt, which can connect I and II with a proper meaning.

Over 200 people were killed and nearly 500 injured in a series of blasts that shook Sri Lanka on Easter Sunday. Conclusively no group has claimed responsibility for the blasts. Investigating authorities are yet to disclose the names of the suspects or the alleged perpetrators.

Q 22. conversely

I. As a country we need to ask ourselves some hard questions. When every rule in the book is being broken, when there is no transparency on how political parties collect or spend their funds, then the time has come to debate whether we need to re-examine our model code of conduct.

II. With Model Code of Conduct coming into effect in just the first two phases, money power has so reared its ugly head that seizures made of unaccounted cash, liquor, bullion and drugs amounting to ₹2,600 crore have already surpassed the entire seizures made in the nine phases of the general election in 2014.

III. the main objective of model code of conduct is to conduct free and fair election in the country where the guidelines given to the political parties give the overview about what are “do’s and don’ts” before the election.

- A. Only I and II
- B. Only II and III
- C. All I, II and III

**D. I -III and II-III**

- E. None of these

S22. Ans. (d)

Sol. I and III and II and III can be connected together as they contradict each other respectively.

**conversely** is used to indicate the opposite or reverse of the one you have just said.

E.g. Poor health is accepted as an attribute of normal ageing. Conversely, youth is depicted as a time of vitality and good health.

**I and III**

As a country we need to ask ourselves some hard questions. When every rule in the book is being broken, when there is no transparency on how political parties collect or spend their funds, then the time has come to debate whether we need to re-examine our model code of conduct. Conversely the main objective of model code of conduct is to conduct free and fair election in the country where the guidelines given to the political parties give the overview about what are “do’s and don’ts” before the election.

**II and III**

With Model Code of Conduct coming into effect in just the first two phases, money power has so reared its ugly head that seizures made of unaccounted cash, liquor, bullion and drugs amounting to ₹2,600 crore have already surpassed the entire seizures made in the nine phases of the general election in 2014. Conversely the main objective of model code of conduct is to conduct free and fair election in the

country where the guidelines given to the political parties give the overview about what are “do’s and don’ts” before the election.

Q23. Particularly

I. Over 200 people were killed and nearly 500 injured in a series of blasts that shook Sri Lanka on Easter Sunday.

II. Churches and luxury hotels were targeted in the deadliest incidents since the civil war ended a decade ago.

III. No group has claimed responsibility for the blasts. Investigating authorities are yet to disclose the names of the suspects or the alleged perpetrators.

**A. Only I and II**

- B. Only II and III
- C. All I, II and III
- D. Only I and III
- E. None of these

S23. Ans. (a)

Sol. Particularly means especially, and with this context I and II can be connected easily.

Over 200 people were killed and nearly 500 injured in a series of blasts that shook Sri Lanka on Easter Sunday. Particularly Churches and luxury hotels were targeted in the deadliest incidents since the civil war ended a decade ago.

Q24. As a matter of fact

I. If Clause 6 is implemented in letter and spirit, then the indigenous people of Assam are well guarded and protected.

II. The citizenship Bill will be brought after arriving at a consensus with all the stakeholders.

III. The citizenship Bill does not require any changes if Clause 6 of the Assam Accord is implemented properly.

A. Only I and II

B. II -III and I-III

**C. II-I and II-III**

D. Only I and III

E. None of these

S24 Ans. (c)

Sol. As a matter of fact means in reality.

The citizenship Bill will be brought after arriving at a consensus with all the stakeholders. As a matter of fact, if Clause 6 is implemented in letter and spirit, then the indigenous people of Assam are well guarded and protected.

The citizenship Bill will be brought after arriving at a consensus with all the stakeholders. As a matter of fact, the citizenship Bill does not require any changes if Clause 6 of the Assam Accord is implemented properly.

Q25. In view of

I. For the first time in 33 years of militancy in Kashmir, electioneering for the ongoing Parliament elections will stand apart for campaigners.

II. The election which is not about scoring a point against militants or separatists but to reach the maximum numbers of people.

III. The campaigns which may not be a sign of normalcy but speak of the paradigm shift in regional politics.

A. I -II and II-III

B. Only II and III

**C. I-II and II- III**

D. Only I and III

E. None of these

S25. Ans. (c)

Sol. In view of means “because of” and with “because of” both the reason seems to fit the context.

For the first time in 33 years of militancy in Kashmir, electioneering for the ongoing Parliament elections will stand apart for campaigners. In view of the election which is not about scoring a point against militants or separatists but to reach the maximum numbers of people.

For the first time in 33 years of militancy in Kashmir, electioneering for the ongoing Parliament elections will stand apart for campaigners. In view of the campaigns which may not be a sign of normalcy but speak of the paradigm shift in regional politics.

**Directions (26-30): In each of the following questions a sentence is given with four highlighted words. Choose the alternative, reflecting the appropriate replacement of the words so as to form a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful sentence. If no replacement is required, mark (e) i.e. “no correction required” as your answer choice.**

Q26. In terms of (A) **casualties**, the health crisis is still very (B) **people** (seven deaths in a country where eight million (C) **confined** die every year), but the numbers are (D) **growing** fast.

(a) A – D

(b) B – D

(c) B – C

- (d) A – C
- (e) No correction required

S26 Ans. (c)

The positions of the words “confined” and “people” are incorrect as the appropriate. Hence swapping the words in the positions (B) and (C) will frame a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful sentence. Therefore, option (c) is the most suitable answer choice.

Q27. To **(A) bear** the case for various **(B)precautionary** measures, we must **(C) assess** in mind the dual **(D)motive** for taking precautions.

- (a) A – D
- (b) B – D
- (c) B – C
- (d) A – C
- (e) No correction required

S27 Ans. (d)

The positions of the words “assess” and “bear” are incorrect. Hence swapping the words in the positions (A) and (C) will frame a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful sentence. Therefore, option (d) is the most suitable answer choice.

Q28. **(A) services** that help poor people in their hour of **(B) function** without creating a major health **(C) hazard** should continue to **(D) need** as far as possible.

- (a) A – D
- (b) B – D
- (c) B – C and A – D
- (d) A – C
- (e) No correction required

S28. Ans. (b)

The positions of the words “need” and “function” are incorrect. Hence swapping the words in the positions (B) and (D) will frame a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful sentence. Therefore, option (b) is the most suitable answer choice.

Q29. An **(A) workplace** list of essential **(B) guidelines** (already available in some States) and official **(C) services** on coronavirus readiness at the **(D) explicit** would be a good start.

- (a) B – D
- (b) B – C
- (c) A – D and B – C
- (d) A – C
- (e) No correction required

S29. Ans. (c)

The positions of the words “workplace” - “explicit” and “guidelines” - “services” should be interchanged. Hence swapping the words in the positions (A) – (D) and (B) – (C) will frame a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful sentence. Therefore, option (b) is the most suitable answer choice.

Q30. The **(A) urgent** need for effective **(B)social** security measures **(C) makes** it all the more **(D) important** to avoid a loss of nerve.

- (a) B – D
- (b) B – C
- (c) A – D and B – C
- (d) A – C
- (e) No correction required

S30 Ans. (e)

All the highlighted words in their original positions are grammatically correct and

contextually meaningful and thus successfully form a coherent sentence without interchanging any of the words from their positions. Hence, option (e) is the most viable answer choice.



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